HISTORIC SITE FORM - HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION (10-08)

1 IDENTIFICATION							
Name of Property: John F. Cur	nningham House						
Address: 606 Park Ave	J	AKA:					
City, County: Park City, Summit	County, Utah	Tax Numbe	er: PC-118				
Current Owner Name: SCHULT	•	Parent Par	cel(s):				
Current Owner Address: 7890 N	MCCLAIN DR STE 1 S						
Legal Description (include acreage) LOT 31 BLK 8 PARK CITY SURVEY; Acres 0.04							
		,					
2 STATUS/USE							
Property Category ☑ building(s), main □ building(s), attached □ building(s), detached □ building(s), public □ building(s), accessory □ structure(s)	n ☑ Landmark Site Date: ched ☐ Significant Site Permit #: ached ☐ Not Historic ☐ Full ☐ Partial lic						
3 DOCUMENTATION							
Photos: Dates ☑ tax photo: ☑ prints: ☐ historic: c. Drawings and Plans ☐ measured floor plans ☐ site sketch map ☐ Historic American Bldg. Surv ☐ original plans: ☐ other: Bibliographical References (bod Blaes, Dina & Beatrice Lufkin. "Fina Carter, Thomas and Goss, Peter. ☐ University of Utah Graduate So McAlester, Virginia and Lee. A Fiel Roberts, Allen. "Final Report." Park Roper, Roger & Deborah Randall. Historic Places Inventory, Nome	□ abstract of □ tax card □ original bu □ sewer perr □ Sanborn N □ obituary in □ city director ey □ census record □ biographic □ newspape bks, articles, interviews al Report." Park City History Chool of Architecture and dd Guide to American Hole City Reconnaissance Lee "Residences of Mining B	ilding permit mit flaps dex pries/gazetteers cords al encyclopedias rs s, etc.) Attach copies of all pric Building Inventory. Salt L re, 1847-1940: a Guide. Sal Utah State Historical Society uses. New York: Alfred A. K evel Survey. Salt Lake City: 1	_ake City: 2007. t Lake City, Utah: y, 1991. nopf, 1998.				
4 ARCHITECTURAL DESCRI	PTION & INTEGRITY						
Building Type and/or Style: Pyra	amid House		No. Stories: 1 ½				
Additions: ☐ none ☑ minor ☐	major (describe below)	Alterations: □ none ☑ m	ninor				
Number of associated outbuildings and/or structures: □ accessory building(s), #; □ structure(s), #							
General Condition of Exterior Materials:							

Researcher/Organization: Preservation Solutions/Park City Municipal Corporation Date: 12-2008

☑ Good (Well maintained with no serious problems apparent.)							
☐ Fair (Some problems are apparent. Describe the problems.):							
☐ Poor (Major problems are apparent and constitute an imminent threat. Describe the problems.):							
☐ Uninhabitable/Ruin							
Materials (The physical elements that were combined or deposited during a particular period of time in a particular pattern or configuration. Describe the materials.): Foundation: 1957 tax card indicates no foundation; 1968 tax card indicates a stone foundation; not verified.							
Walls: Drop siding.							
Roof: Truncated gable roof form sheathed in asphalt shingles.							
Windows/Doors: Paired casement with transom and large single-light windows with decorative fixed transom windows. The entry door is a frame-and-panel with decorative transom.							
Essential Historical Form: ☑ Retains □ Does Not Retain, due to:							
Location: ☑ Original Location ☐ Moved (date) Original Location:							
Design (The combination of physical elements that create the form, plan, space, structure, and style. Describe additions and/or alterations from the original design, including datesknown or estimatedwhen alterations were made): The 1½-story frame house has not been significantly modified over time. The house remains as it was described in the National Register nomination (see Structure/Site Form, 1983). According to the Planning Department, the owner modified the main door, transom and window under the recessed porch and was made to return the elements to as close to the original as possible. The historic materials, however, were lost. The changes are minor and do not affect the site's original design character.							
Setting (The physical environmentnatural or manmadeof a historic site. Describe the setting and how it has changed over time.): The setting has not been altered from what is seen in the earliest photographs.							
Workmanship (The physical evidence of the crafts of a particular culture or people during a given period in history. Describe the distinctive elements.): The physical evidence from the period that defines this as a typical Park City mining era house are the simple methods of construction, the use of non-beveled (drop-novelty) wood siding, the plan type, the simple roof form, the informal landscaping, the restrained ornamentation, and the plain finishes.							
Feeling (Describe the property's historic character.): The physical elements of the site, in combination, convey a sense of life in a western mining town of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.							
Association (Describe the link between the important historic era or person and the property.): The Pyramid house is one of the three most common house types built in Park City during the mining era.							
This site was listed on the National Register of Historic Places in 1984 as part of the <i>Park City Mining Boom Era Residences Thematic District</i> . It was built within the historic period, defined as 1872 to1929 in the district nomination, and retains its historic integrity. As a result, it meets the criteria set forth in LMC Chapter 15-11 for designation as a Landmark Site.							
5 SIGNIFICANCE							
Architect: ☑ Not Known ☐ Known: (source:) Date of Construction: c. 1901 ¹							
Builder: ☑ Not Known ☐ Known: (source:)							
The site must represent an important part of the history or architecture of the community. A site need only be significant under one of the three areas listed below:							

¹ National Register nomination.

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☐ Settlement & Mini	ng Boom Era	(1868-1893)
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☑ Mature Mining Era (1894-1930)

☐ Mining Decline & Emergence of Recreation Industry (1931-1962)

Park City was the center of one of the top three metal mining districts in the state during Utah's mining boom period of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, and it is one of only two major metal mining communities that have survived to the present. Park City's houses are the largest and best-preserved group of residential buildings in a metal mining town in Utah. As such, they provide the most complete documentation of the residential character of mining towns of that period, including their settlement patterns, building materials, construction techniques, and socio-economic make-up. The residences also represent the state's largest collection of nineteenth and early twentieth century frame houses. They contribute to our understanding of a significant aspect of Park City's economic growth and architectural development as a mining community.²

- 2. Persons (Describe how the site is associated with the lives of persons who were of historic importance to the community or those who were significant in the history of the state, region, or nation):
- 3. Architecture (Describe how the site exemplifies noteworthy methods of construction, materials or craftsmanship used during the historic period or is the work of a master craftsman or notable architect):

6 PHOTOS

Digital color photographs are on file with the Planning Department, Park City Municipal Corp.

Photo No. 1: West elevation. Camera facing east, 2006.

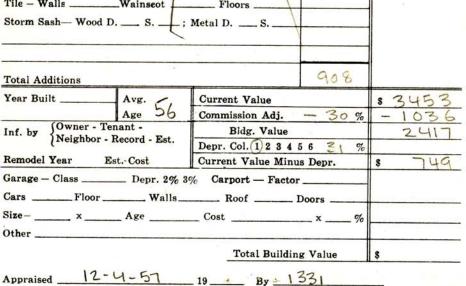
Photo No. 2: West elevation. Camera facing east, 1995.

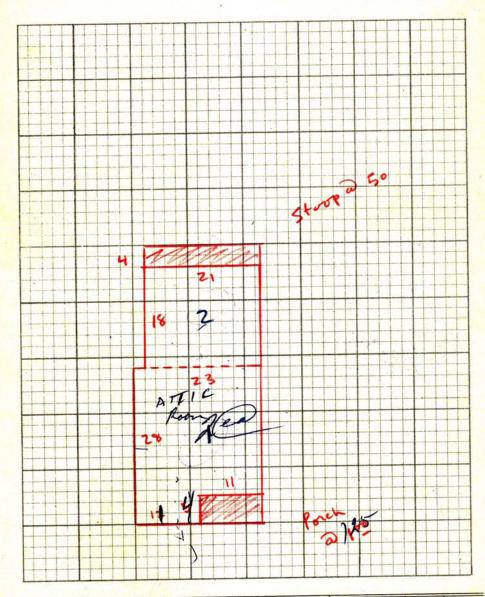
Photo No. 3: West elevation. Camera facing east, 1983.

Photo No. 4: West elevation. Camera facing east, tax photo.

² From "Residences of Mining Boom Era, Park City - Thematic Nomination" written by Roger Roper, 1984.

Serial No. PC 118 Brown Hause Lillian BURKANSKGW Location Res 606 Park Kind of Bldg. _ __ St. No. ___ 3 Type 1 2 \$4. Cost \$_ Class Stories Dimensions Cu. Ft. Sq. Ft. Factor Totals 967 1880 176 x 378 Gar.—Carport ___ x __ Fir. __ __Walls __ _ Cl. _ Description of Buildings Additions Vacant Foundation—Stone _____ Conc. ____ None ____ Sidney Ext. Walls ____ fair Condition Insulation-Floors _____Walls ____Clgs. Roof Type ____ Cyal Mtl. Pha. 30070 085 Dormers-Small _____ Med. _ _ Large _ ___ Med. _ Bays - Small ___ Large _ 55 55 Porches-Front____ 84 42 Rear _____ @ . Porch _ . @ Metal Awnings _____ Mtl. Rail ___ Basement Entr. Planters @ 50 Cetta Ssmt. - 1/4 1/2 1/3 3/4 Full ____Floor Bsmt. Apt. _____Rooms Fin. ___ Unfin. less 411 Attic Rooms Fin. _Unfin. Stows Class ____ Tub ___ ! Travs Basin ___ Sink __ Coilet _ Plumbing Wtr. Sftr. ____ Shr. St. _ _ O.T. 350 Dishwasher_____ Garbage Disp. _ Built-in-Appliances __ Heat-Stove V H.A. Steam _ Stkr._ Bir Oil Gas Coal Pipeless Radiant Air Cond. _ Finish-Fir ____ Hd. Wd. Floor- Fir ____ Hd. Wd. _ Cabinets _____ Mantels __ Tile - Walls _____Wainseot _ Floors _ Storm Sash- Wood D. ___ S. ___; Metal D. ___ S.



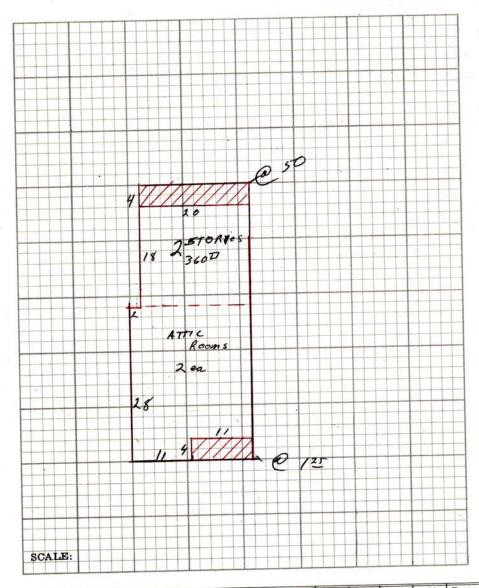


RESIDENTIAL OUT BUILDINGS	Age	Size	Area	Fac- tor	Cost	Depr. Value
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	•	x				
TOTAL						

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REMARKS								
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Property Type:

Utah State Historical Society

Historic Preservation Research Office

Site No.	
0110110.	

Structure/Site Information Form

DENTIFICATION .

Street Address:

606 Park

M: 12 458010 4499350

Name of Structure:

John F. Cunningham House

Τ.

R.

S.

Present Owner:

Lowell L. and Mary Jane Palm

Owner Address:

c/o Donna J. Lewis

P.O. Box 2611, Park City, UT

Park City, Summit County, Utah

84060

PC 118

Tax #:

Year Built (Tax Record):

Legal Description

Effective Age: Kind of Building:

Lot 31 Block 8, Park City Survey

Less than one acre Original Owner: John F. Cunningham Construction Date: 1901 **Demolition Date:** Residence Original Use: Present Use: **Building Condition:** Integrity: Preliminary Evaluation: Final Register Status: Excellent. ☐ Site □ Unaltered ☐ Significant □ Not of the □ National Landmark □ District ☐ Good ☐ Ruins □ Contributory Historic Period National Register □ Multi-Resource □ Deteriorated ☐ Major Alterations □ Not Contributory □ State Register ☐ Thematic Photography: Date of Slides: 1983 Slide No.: Date of Photographs: Photo No.: 1983 DOCUMENTATION & Views: ☐ Front ☐ Side ☐ Rear ☐ Other Views: ☐ Front ☐ Side ☐ Rear ☐ Other Research Sources: ←Abstract of Title Sanborn Maps □ Newspapers ☐ U of U Library □ Plat Records / Map □ City Directories ☐ Utah State Historical Society ☐ BYU Library □ Personal Interviews ☐ USU Library ☐ Biographical Encyclopedias □—Obiturary Index □ LDS Church Archives ☐ ŞLC Library □ Building Permit ☑ Other ☐ LDS Genealogical Society □ Sewer Permit ☐ County & City Histories Census Records

Bibliographical References (books, articles, records, interviews, old photographs and maps, etc.):

Park Record. October 27, 1938, p. 1. John F. Cunningham obituary.

Researcher:

Roger Roper

Date: 4/84

606 Park Site No: Street Address:

Architect/Builder: Unknown

Building Materials: Wood

Building Type/Style: Pyramid House (variant)

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features: (Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

This house is one and one half story variant of the pyramid house. Generally, pyramid houses are characterized by a square plan, a pyramid or truncated hip roof, a symmetrical facade with a door set slightly off-center between two windows, and a low pitch hip roof porch spanning the facade. On occasion half of the facade was recessed and the space remaining was spanned by a porch. One finds that type of arrangement in this house. There is a door and window on the recessed section and a single window on the other half of the facade. Key characteristics of this variant of the pyramid house include the long rectangular form built deep on the lot, the gable roof with a clipped gable on the facade, and the window set in the gable section. All of the windows on the facade were originally broad single pane with transom windows. The transoms contain leaded and stained glass windows. The glass of the window in the gable section was removed and the space was filled with two small double hung sash windows. Because the window frames are dark, the change is not obvious, and the size of the window opening has not been altered. The porch is not original, but was designed to look like a porch of the period of Construction. Two large dormers were added to the north and south roof sections. Because they are located at the rear of the building, somewhat hidden from view, and because they were constructed of drop siding that (See continuation sheet)

Statement of Historical Significance:

Construction Date: 1901

Built in 1901, the John F. Cunningham House at 606 Park is architecturally significant as one of 69 extant pyramid houses in Park City, 28 of which are included in this nomination. Of the 28 being nominated, eleven are true pyramid houses and seventeen are variants of the basic type. This house is one of the variants of the pyramid house. The pyramid house is one of the three most common house types built during the early period of Park City's mining boom era, and significantly contributes to the character of the residential area. The type appeared early on, but survived with variations longer than the other two types.

This house was built for John F. Cunningham in 1901 on a site which had evidently been occupied previously by a house built in 1890 by James Berry. The Berry house was apparently destroyed in the fire of 1898 which burned most of the town, and this house was constructed as part of the post-fire rebuilding of the town.

John Francis Cunningham was among the early settlers of Park City, having come to the town with his parents from New York in 1878 at the age of four. As a young man he began working at M.S. Ascheim Mercantile Co., the first major retail enterprise in Park City. He continued with that firm for 32 years, then worked for a time as head of the hardware department at Blyth-Fargo Co., a large general store in Park City, until its destruction by fire in 1927. He then operated a hardware business with his sons George and Robert until retiring in 1936. He died two years later while living in this house. He was survived by his wife, Tene Franklin Beatty Cunningham, two sons, and two step-daughters. Cunningham family members continued to own this house until 1962.

606 Park Description continued:

matches the original siding, they are unobtrusive additions. The house is in $good\ condition\ and\ maintains$ its original integrity.



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