HISTORIC SITE FORM - HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION (10-08)

1 IDENTIFICATION		(,				
Name of Property:						
Address: 839 Woodside Avenue	e	AKA:				
City, County: Park City, Summit	County, Utah	Tax Number: SA-127				
Current Owner Name: Richard, Joan Kelly Ann Collin Parent Parcel(s): Current Owner Address: PO Box 3021, Park City, UT 84060-3021 Legal Description (include acreage): LOTS 10 & 11 BLK 11 SNYDERS ADDITION.						
2 STATUS/USE						
Property Category ☑ building(s), main □ building(s), attached □ building(s), detached □ building(s), public ☑ building(s), accessory □ structure(s)	Evaluation* ☑ Landmark Site ☐ Significant Site ☐ Not Historic *National Register of ☐ listed (date:)	Reconstruction Date: Permit #: □ Full □ Partial of Historic Places: □ ineligit	<u>Use</u> Original Use: Residential Current Use: Residential ble ☑ eligible			
3 DOCUMENTATION						
Photos: Dates ☑ tax photo: ☑ prints: 1995 & 2006 ☐ historic: c. Drawings and Plans ☐ measured floor plans ☐ site sketch map ☐ Historic American Bldg. Surve ☐ original plans: ☐ other: Bibliographical References (body) Blaes, Dina & Beatrice Lufkin. "Final Carter, Thomas and Goss, Peter. University of Utah Graduate Schenke, Virginia and Lee. A Fiel Roberts, Allen. "Final Report." Park Roper, Roger & Deborah Randall. Historic Places Inventory, Nome	□ abstract o □ tax card □ original b □ sewer pe ☑ Sanborn □ obituary i □ city direct ey □ census re □ biograph □ newspap oks, articles, interview al Report." Park City Hist Utah's Historic Architect chool of Architecture and d Guide to American H City Reconnaissance I "Residences of Mining sination Form. 1984.	of title suilding permit strmit Maps index tories/gazetteers ecords ical encyclopedias ers evs, etc.) Attach copies of a storic Building Inventory. Salt ture, 1847-1940: a Guide. Sa d Utah State Historical Societ ouses. New York: Alfred A. K Level Survey. Salt Lake City: Boom Era, Park City - Thema	Lake City: 2007. Ilt Lake City, Utah: ty, 1991. Knopf, 1998.			
Building Type and/or Style: T/L	cottage / vernacular	style	No. Stories: 1 ½			
Additions: ☐ none ☑ minor ☐	-	•				
Number of associated outbuildings and/or structures: ☑ accessory building(s), #1; ☐ structure(s), #						
General Condition of Exterior Materials:						

Researcher/Organization: Dina Blaes/Park City Municipal Corporation Date: November, 08

☑ Good (Well maintained with no serious	problems apparent.)				
☐ Fair (Some problems are apparent. Des	☐ Fair (Some problems are apparent. Describe the problems.):				
☐ Poor (Major problems are apparent and	constitute an imminent thr	reat. Describe the problems.):			
☐ Uninhabitable/Ruin					
Describe the materials.):		a particular period of time in a particular pattern or configuration porch, garage beneath living space.	n.		
Foundation: Concrete.					
Walls: Clad in wood drop siding. Po	orch supported by sler	nder square columns.			
Roof: Cross-wing roof form sheathe	ed in standing seam m	netal material. Central brick chimney.			
Windows: Ribbons of narrow windows: Also a small double-hung nit in the		nents flanked by casements with three upperlights.			
Essential Historical Form: ☑ Retains □	□ Does Not Retain, d	lue to:			
Location: ☑ Original Location ☐ Move	ed (date)) Original Location:			
from the original design, including datesknown or partial width inset porch roof was extend supported by slender square columns. I	r estimatedwhen alteration led before 1995 to acc The tax photo indicate all window has been o	pace, structure, and style. Describe additions and/or alterations ns were made): The site has had minor alterations. To commodate a deeper front entry porch, but is still es that the house had been sheathed in brick-tech, cut into the gable end facing the street. The garage	Γhe but		
setting is unaltered from earlier photogra street edge to the house, a center stair to and trees. 1907 Sanborn Insurance map	aphs. Typical front ya o the main entry porch p indicates two small ar if the small accesso	Describe the setting and how it has changed over time.): The ard with a gradual rise from a retaining wall at the h, and informal landscaping with lawn, mature shruaccessory buildings located in the southwest and ory building seen in the 2006 is original to the site, structed later.			
elements.): The physical evidence from the	e period that defines t of non-beveled (drop	or people during a given period in history. Describe the distinction this as a typical Park City mining era house are the e-novelty) wood siding, the plan type, the simple room and the plain finishes.	9		
Feeling (Describe the property's historic character life in a western mining town of the late r		nents of the site, in combination, convey a sense of wentieth centuries.	f		
		n and the property.): The "T" or "L" cottage (also know st common house types built in Park City during the			
5 SIGNIFICANCE					
Architect: ☑ Not Known ☐ Known: (s	source:)	Date of Construction: c. 1905 ¹	J		
Builder: ☑ Not Known ☐ Known: (s	source:)				

¹ Structure appears on the 1907 Sanborn Insurance Map; Summit County records indicates a construction date of 1914.

The site must represent an important part of the history or architecture of the community. A site need only be significant under one of the three areas listed below:

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1	Histo	ric.	⊢ra:

☐ Settlement & Mining I	Boom Era (1868-1	893
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☑ Mature Mining Era (1894-1930)

☐ Mining Decline & Emergence of Recreation Industry (1931-1962)

Park City was the center of one of the top three metal mining districts in the state during Utah's mining boom period of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, and it is one of only two major metal mining communities that have survived to the present. Park City's houses are the largest and best-preserved group of residential buildings in a metal mining town in Utah. As such, they provide the most complete documentation of the residential character of mining towns of that period, including their settlement patterns, building materials, construction techniques, and socio-economic make-up. The residences also represent the state's largest collection of nineteenth and early twentieth century frame houses. They contribute to our understanding of a significant aspect of Park City's economic growth and architectural development as a mining community.²

- 2. Persons (Describe how the site is associated with the lives of persons who were of historic importance to the community or those who were significant in the history of the state, region, or nation):
- 3. Architecture (Describe how the site exemplifies noteworthy methods of construction, materials or craftsmanship used during the historic period or is the work of a master craftsman or notable architect):

6 PHOTOS

Digital color photographs are on file with the Planning Department, Park City Municipal Corp.

Photo No. 1: East elevation. Camera facing west, 2006.

Photo No. 2: Southeast oblique. Camera facing northwest, 1995.

Photo No. 3: Southeast oblique. Camera facing northwest, tax photo.

² From "Residences of Mining Boom Era, Park City - Thematic Nomination" written by Roger Roper, 1984.





